

Name: _____

Date: _____

Math 9 Honours Section 6.6b Solving Equations with Trigonometry

1. Evaluate each expression without a calculator:

a) $\cos 90^\circ + 5 \sin 270^\circ$	b) $5 \sin 180^\circ + 4 \cos 0^\circ$	c) $\sin 90^\circ - 3 \cos 180^\circ$
d) $6 \cos(-270^\circ) + \sin(-90^\circ)$	e) $3 \sin 45^\circ - 4 \cos 150^\circ$	f) $-2 \sin(225^\circ) + \frac{2}{3} \tan(135^\circ)$
g) $2 \tan^2 120^\circ + 3 \sin^2 60^\circ$	h) $-3 \cos^2 150^\circ - 3 \sin^2(-225^\circ)$	i) $-3 \sin^2 300^\circ - 3 \cos^2(-60^\circ)$

2. Solve for θ between $0^\circ \leq \theta \leq 360^\circ$

a) $3 \sin \theta - 3 = 0$	b) $\sqrt{2} \cos \theta + 1 = 0$	c) $\sqrt{2} \sin \theta - 1 = 0$
d) $2 \cos \theta + \sqrt{3} = 0$	e) $\tan \theta - \sqrt{3} = 0$	f) $2 \tan \theta + 2\sqrt{3} = 0$

g) $\sin^2 \theta - 1 = 0$	h) $4\sin^2 \theta - 1 = 0$	i) $4\cos^2 \theta - 3 = 0$
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3. Solve for θ between $0^\circ \leq \theta \leq 360^\circ$

a) $\sin \theta = \cos \theta$	b) $2\sin^2 \theta = \sin \theta$
c) $2\sin^2 \theta = \sin \theta + 1$	d) $2\sin^2 \theta = \sin \theta + 5$
e) $2\cos^2 \theta + 7\cos \theta = 4$	f) $2\sin^2 \theta - 11\sin \theta = 6$
g) $(4\sin^2 - 1)(\sin^2 \theta - 1) = 0$	h) $\cos^2 \theta - 3\sin \theta + 1 = 0$

i) $2 \sin \theta \times \cos \theta = \sin \theta$	j) $7 + 4 \cos \theta - 4 \sin^2 \theta = 0$
k) $2 \sin^3 \theta - 2 \sin^2 \theta - \sin \theta + 1 = 0$	$4 \cos^4 \theta + 3 \cos^2 \theta = 1$

4. If $\cos \theta = \frac{\sqrt{5}}{6}$, then what is the exact value of $\sin \theta$ and $\tan \theta$

5. If $\tan \theta = 2$ and θ is in quadrant III, then what is the exact value of $\sin \theta$ and $\cos \theta$?

6. Given $0^\circ \leq \theta \leq 360^\circ$, if $\sin \theta = k$ and there is only one solution, what are the possible value(s) of k ?

7. Given $0^\circ \leq \theta \leq 360^\circ$, if $\sin \theta = k$ and there are three solutions, what are the possible value(s) of k ?

8. Suppose $A + B = 180^\circ$, then which of the following statements are true?

i) $\sin A = \sin B$

ii) $\cos A = \cos B$

iii) $\tan A = -\tan B$

9. If $0^\circ \leq \theta \leq 360^\circ$ then what is the minimum value and maximum value of the expression:

$$2\sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta + 1$$

10. How many solutions will the following equation have? $\sin \theta \times \cos \theta \times \tan \theta = 0$

11. Given that $x \cos \theta + y \sin \theta = 4$ and $x \sin \theta - y \cos \theta = 3$, then which of the following statements is correct?

i) $x + y = 5$

ii) $x + y = 7$

iii) $x^2 + y^2 = 5$

iv) $x^2 + y^2 = 25$

12. If $0^\circ \leq \theta \leq 2016^\circ$, how many angles satisfy the equation: $\sin^2 2016^\circ + \sin^2 \theta = 1$ (CNML 2016).